

Kidman. 1631.
A
New Almanack
and prognostication for
the yeare of our Lord
God 1631.

Being the third from the leap
yeare, and since the conquest
by Duke william 565.

Calculated and composed according to
the rules of art for the meridian and
latitude of Saffron-Walden in
Essex, the pole there elevated 52
degrees above the horizon: and may
without sensible error serue any part
of this kingdome of ENGLAND.

Printed by the Printers to
the Universitie of
Cambridge.

According to the forraigne account.	Common notes & moveable Feasts	According to our English account.
	17 The golden numb.	17
	16 The cycle of the sun	16
	E The Sunday letter	15
March 2	Shrovesunday	20 February
April 20	Easter day	10 Aprill
June 8	Whitunday	29 May
November 30	Advent sunday	27 November
23	Sundaies after Trin.	24

A brief chronologie of some memorable things.

Hince the	C Reation of the world	5580
	Cloud of Noah	3924
	Building of the temple	2648
	Brute entred this Island	2738
	Julius Cæsar reformed the yeare	1675
	Julius Cæsar conquered this Island	1682
	Destruction of Jerusalem by Titus Vespasian	1548
	Invention of gunnes	251
	Martin Luther began to oppose the Pope	114
	Great frost in the yeare 1564	67
	Former great plague in London	27
	Powder-treason, Novemb. 5.	26
	Last great frost	23
	Last great snow	16
	Last blazing starre	13

R. Richard the 3 began to reigne Jun. 25. 1483: since	148
R. Henry 7 began to reigne August 22. 1485 : since	146
R. Henry 8 began to reigne April 22 1509 :	123
R. Edward 6 began to reigne Janu. 28. 1547:	84
Q. Mary began to reigne July 6 1553 :	78
Q. Elizabeth began to reigne Nov. 17. 1558:	73
R. James began to reigne March 24. 1602:	29
R. Charles began to reigne March 27. 1625: Whose reigne God grant long to continue.	6

A table to reform the errors of those tables of the moons, planets, and starres coming to the south: the use whereof is shewed in the example of the table in the prognostication following.

Sunne's place

Place of moon.	30	27	24	21	18	14	11	7	13	26	14	place of moon,
planets & starres.	0	3	6	9	12	15	18	22	26	2	14	planets & starres.
	30	27	24	21	18	15	12	8	4	28	16	
	II	I	II	I	II	II	II	I	II	m	8	
	0	3	6	9	12	16	19	23	28	4	16	
	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	m	
16	16	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	14
4	28	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	2
8 m	II	I	II	I	II	II	II	II	II	I	2	26
28	4	3	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	1	2
33	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	1	2	3
19	12	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	1	2	3	4
16	15	5	4	3	2	1	0	1	2	3	4	5
12	18	4	3	2	1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
9	21	3	2	1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
6	24	2	1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
3	27	1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
V	V	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
17	3	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
24	6	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
21	9	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
18	12	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
14	15	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
11	18	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
7	22	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
2	26	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
X m	Ω	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
26	2	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
14	14	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20

Note, that as the signes nominated are opposite, Aries and Libra, Taurus and Scorpio, &c. so the figures for one serve the opposite signe.

January hath xxxi dayes.

- Full moon 8 day, at seven in the morning.
- Last quartile 14 day, 28 minutes past 11 at night.
- New moon the 22 day, 22 minutes past 6 in the morn.
- Second quarter 30 day, 46 min. past nine in the morn.
- Jupiter sets 39 minutes after 8 of the clock.

vii	a	Circumcision	tau	1	21	13	* 49	♂ ♂ ♀	3	57
ii	t	Sund.aft.Chr	tau	13	22	14	* h ♀ 3 ♀ p	3	58	
iii	c	Ot. John	tau	25	23	15	* ♂ ♂ 2 a	3	59	
iv	d	Ot. Innocents	gem	7	24	16	h 26 m	4	1	
b	e	St. Edw. depos.	gem	20	25	17	4 11 X	4	2	
vi	f	Epiphanie	canc	4	26	18	3 18 ♀ p	4	3	
vii	g	Julian mart.	canc	18	27	19	Q 18 ♀ p	4	5	
viii	a	Lucian priest	leo	2	28	20	♀ 25 ♀ p	4	6	
xv	t	Sun.aft.Epip.	leo	16	29	22	♂ ○ 4 5 p	4	7	
x	c	Paul i ermitte	vir	0	○	23	♂ ♂ ♂ 7 a	4	9	
xi	d	Higinus papa	vir	15	1	25	4 12 X	4	10	
xii	e	Archadius	vir	29	2	26	♂ 24 ♀ p	4	11	
xiii	f	Hillary bishop	libz	13	3	27	2 25 ♀ p	4	13	
xiv	g	Felix & Jam.	libz	28	4	28	3 7 ≈	4	14	
xvii	a	Maurice abb.	scoz	12	5	29	5 C ♂ 12 p	4	15	
xvi	t	Sun.aft.Epip.	scoz	15	6	30	1	4	17	
xviii	t	Anthon. abbot	sagitt	9	7	31	4 14 X	4	19	
xix	d	Petr.chatr Rom	sagitt	22	8	32	3 28 ♀ p	4	20	
xix	e	Molstan bish.	capz	6	9	33	□ h ♀ 13	4	21	
xx	f	Fab. & Hebast	capz	29	10	34	2 4 ≈	4	24	
xxi	g	Agnetics virg.	aqu	2	11	35	3 19 ≈	4	25	
xxii	a	Vincent mar.	aqu	15	12	36	□ C ♂ 5 p	4	27	
xxiii	t	Sun.aft.Epip.	aqu	27	13	37	6 ♀ 3 a	4	29	
xxvii	c	Serm hegine	pisce	10	14	38	4 15 X	4	31	
xxv	d	Comber. S Paul	pisce	22	15	38	♂ 3 ≈	4	33	
xxvi	e	Dolycarp bish.	arie	4	16	39	♀ 12 ≈	4	34	
xxvii	f	Chrysost. bish.	arie	15	17	40	□ ○ ♂ 15	4	36	
xxviii	g	Agnes secund.	arie	28	18	41	♀ 4 X	4	38	
xxix	a	Valerius bish.	tau	9	19	41	8 ♂ 16	4	40	
xx	t	4 Sun.aft.Epip.	tau	21	20	42	□ h ♀ 10 p	4	42	
xxx	c	Marien	geem	2	21	43	○ ♂	4	44	

February hath xxviii dayes.

● Full moon the 6 day at 4 and 54 min. after noon.

○ Last quartile the 13 day, at 8 & 41 min. morn.

● New moon the 20 day, 23 minutes past 11 at night.

○ Second quartile the 28 day, 4 hours past midnight.

	Holy an i fe- stival dayes	Moons place in the zod.	○ plac in the zodia.	Planets place in the zodiacue & their aspects.	Sunn ser bo. mi.
I	D Budget Fast	gem 16	○ ♐	h 17 m 1/4 4 ⁶	
II	e Purification.	gem 29	23 44	△ h 4 7 p 4 4 ⁸	
III	f Craft Purific.	canc 12	24 45	□ 18 X 4 5 ⁰	
IV	g Gilbert confes.	canc 26	25 45	♂ 11 ☽ 4 5 ²	
V	a Agath, virg.	leo 10	26 46	♀ 24 ☽ 4 5 ⁴	
VI	W Sexagesima	leo 24	27 46	⊗ 14 X 4 5 ⁶	
VII	c marriage our	virg 9	28 47	♂ C 4 16 4 5 ⁷	
VIII	d Paul bishop	virg 24	29 47	△ h ♀ 7 p 4 5 ⁹	
IX	B Sun in pisces	libra 9	29 47	♀ ♀ 4 1	
X	e Octab. Purif.	libra 24	1 48	♂ ○ ♀ 14 5 3	
XI	g Desider, bish.	scorp 8	2 48	♂ C h 16 5 5	
XII	a Term ends	scorp 22	3 48	□ h ♂ 13 5 7	
XIII	W Sexagesima	sagitt 6	4 49	♀ apog. ep/c. 5 9	
XIV	c Valentine	sagitt 19	5 49	□ 20 X 5 11	
XV	d Faustine mar.	capri 3	6 49	♀ 7 X 5 13	
XVI	e Julian breg.	capri 16	7 49	♂ 20 ☽ 5 15	
XVII	f Polycron bish.	capri 29	8 50	♀ 25 X 5 17	
XVIII	g Simeon bish.	aqua 11	9 50	♂ o 10 II 5 19	
XIX	a Habinus mar.	aqua 24	10 50	♂ C ♂ 9 5 21	
XX	W Shrove i funday	pisces 6	11 50	♂ ♀ 16 5 23	
XXI	c 79 martyrs	pisces 18	12 50	♂ ♀ 17 5 25	
XXII	D Peters chair	aries 0	13 50	♀ 15 X 5 27	
XXIII	e Ashwednesday	aries 12	14 50	○ apog. 5 29	
XXIV	f Matthias apostolaries	aries 24	15 50	△ h ♀ 1 5 31	
XXV	g Alexander bish.	taur 6	16 50	♀ 24 X 5 33	
XXVI	a Nestoris bish.	taur 18	17 49	○ □ 5 33	
XXVII	W Sun. in Len	gem 0	18 49	△ ○ h 5 35	37
XXVIII	c Roman abbot	gem 12	19 49	♂ 4 ♀ 12 p 5 40	

March hath xxxi dayes.

- Full moon the 8 day, 40 min. past two in the morn.
 Last quartile the 14 day, at 7 at night.
 New moon the 22 day, at 4 and 24 min. at night.
 Second quartile the 30 day, at six after noon.

i	d	David bishop	gem 24	○	☽	3	17	m	5	42
ii	e	Chadde bish.	canc 7	21	48	♂	○ ♀	3 p	5	44
iii	f	Maurice	canc 20	22	48	♀	24	☽	5	46
iv	g	Adrian mart,	leo 4	23	48	♀	peri.	epic.	5	48
v	a	Eusebius	leo 18	24	47	△	h ♀	11 p	5	50
vi	b	Sund. in lent.	virg 3	25	47	♂	○ ♁	4 p	5	52
vii	c	Thomas Aquin	virg 18	26	46	♂	5	☽	5	54
viii	d	Felix bishop	libz 3	27	46	♀	3	☽	5	56
ix	e	40 martyrs	libz 18	28	45	♀	14	☽	5	58
x	f	Alexander	scor 3	29	44	♂	19	☽	6	0
xii	g	Stephen king	scor 18	0	44	△	○ ♈	21	6	2
xiiii	a	Gregory pap.	lagt 2	1	43	□	○ ♀	13	6	4
xvii	b	Sund. in lent.	lagt 16	2	42	□	○ ♀	18	6	6
xviii	c	Peter Mart.	capz 0	3	42	♂	♂	♀	6	8
xix	d	Longinus m.	capz 13	4	41	♀	27	☽	6	10
xxi	e	Cyriac.	capz 26	5	40	♂	12	☽	6	12
xxii	f	Patrick bish.	aqu 9	9	39	♀	14	☽	6	14
xxiii	g	Edward king	aqu 21	7	38	♀	11	☽	6	16
xxv	a	Jos. hul. Mary	pisce 3	8	37	♂	○ ♀	16	6	18
xxvii	c	4 Sund. in lent.	pisce 15	9	36	♂	○ ♀	0	6	20
xxviii	e	Euthbert conf.	pisce 27	10	35	△	h ♂	15	6	22
xxix	d	Benedict abb.	arie 9	11	34	○	apog.		6	24
xxx	e	Aphrodose	arie 21	12	33	♂	18	☽	6	26
xxxii	f	Theodore Fast	taur 3	3	32	♀	23	☽	6	28
xxxi	g	Anna. Mary	taur 15	14	31	△	h ♀	21	6	30
xxviiii	a	Castor marr.	taur 27	15	30	♀	17	☽	6	32
xxviii	b	Sund. in lent.	gem 9	16	29	□	○ ♀	21	6	34
xxviiii	c	Dorothy virg.	gem 21	17	27	□	○ ♀	3 p	6	36
xxix	d	Gustace abbot	can 3	18	26	□	○ ♀	4 s	6	38
xxx	e	Guidon	can 16	19	25	△	○ ♀	11 p	6	40
xxxi	f	Adelma bishop	can 29	20	23	○	○ ♀	6	42	

April hath xxx dayes.

Full moon the 6 day, 10 min. past 11 before noon.

Last quartile the 13 day, 47 min. after 6 in the morning.

New moon the 21 day, at 9 and 9 min. before noon.

Second quartile the 29 day, 6 min. past 4 in the morning.

Evening starre sets 48 min. after seven.

g	Mary Egypt	leo	13	2	h	16	m	6	43
a	Theodos. bish.	leo	27	22	o	o	o	6	45
b	Palm Sunday	virg	11	23	19	4	2	6	47
c	Isidore bish.	virg	26	24	17	3	27	6	49
d	Vincent conf.	libr	11	25	16	7	7	6	51
e	Dixitus mart.	libr	26	26	14	8	1	6	53
f	Egissipus	scor:p	11	27	13	Ω	25	6	55
g	Dionysius	scor:p	26	28	11	Δ	11	6	57
a	Marcellus bt.	sagit	11	29	9	2	12	6	59
b	Easter day	sagit	25	0	8	3	4	7	0
c	Sun in taur.	cap:	9	1	6	8	9	7	2
d	Julius papa.	cap:	22	2	4	*	7	7	4
e	Ermigil mart	aqua	5	3	2	*	7	7	6
f	Galerian mart	aqua	18	4	1	7	1	7	8
g	Inastac. mar.	pisces	0	4	59	*	8	7	10
a	Caius mart.	pisces	12	5	57	*	9	18	11
b	Lowunday	pisces	24	6	55	7	21	7	13
c	Elutherius	arie	6	7	53	7	4	7	15
d	Alphege mart	arie	18	8	51	4	5	7	17
e	Victor papa	arie	30	9	49	5	9	7	19
f	Simeon bish.	taur	12	10	47	2	27	7	21
g	Habert bish.	taur	24	11	45	7	9	7	22
a	Insclat papa	gem	6	12	43	7	1	8	24
b	Sun. af. Easter	gem	18	13	41	7	7	28	26
c	Mark evang.	canc	0	14	39	7	8	7	28
d	Clete bishop	canc	13	15	37	5	perig.	7	29
e	Ferm begins	canc	26	16	34	Δ	4	23	31
f	Witalis mart.	leo	9	17	32	□	h	10	33
g	Peter of Wt.	leo	22	18	30	9	7	7	35
a	Ekainwald	virg	6	19	20	7	15	8	36

May hath xxxi dayes.

Full moon 5 day, seven minutes past 7 night.

Last quartile the 12 day, 23 min. past 8 at night.

New moon 26 day, 22 min. after midnight.

Second quartile the 28 day, 13 min. past 11 before noon.
Evening starre sets 32 minutes after nine.

i	13 Philip & Jam	virg	20	○	13	m	7	38
ii	c Tres pasch.	libz	5 21	23	apo.	ep.	7	40
iii	d Invent. crucis	libz	20 22	21	perig.		7	41
iv	e Flavian mar.	scorp	5 23	18	○	♀ 6 p	7	43
v	f Gordard.	scorp	20 24	16	¶	9	7	44
vi	g John port. lat.	lagi	5 25	13	♂	21	7	45
vii	a Tr. Step. 107.	lagi	19 26	11	♀	16	II	7 47
viii	B 4 Sun. af. Easter	capz	4 27	9	2	○	II	7 48
ix	c Gregory bish.	capz	18 28	6	△	○	♂ 15 p	7 49
x	d Gordian mar.	aqu	1 29	4	□	○	♀ 7 p	7 51
xii	e Anastaci. mar	aqu	14 30	1	*	4 5	8 7	51
xiii	f Sun in gem.	aqu	27 0	58	△	○	♀ 16 7	53
xvii	g Herbattus	pisc	9 1	56	¶	10	V	7 55
xviii	a Boniface mar	pisc	21 2	53	♂	27	V	7 56
xix	b Rogation	ari	3 3	51	♀	26	II	7 57
xxi	c Wedding out	arie	15 4	48	Σ	14	II	7 59
xxii	d Westmunt. virg.	arie	27 5	45	○	apo.		8 0
xxiii	e Dlaskoz. mar.	tau	9 6	43	○	○	7 p	8 1
xxv	f Ascension	tau	21 7	40	○	○		8 2
xxvii	g Barnardine	gem	3 8	38	*	○	I p	8 3
xxix	a Helen. virg.	gem	15 9	35	○	○	21	8 4
xxx	B 6 Sun. af. Easter	gem	27 10	32	○	○	17	8 5
xxxi	c Term ends	canc	10 11	29	Ω	2 1	8	6
xxiiii	d Domin. tran.	canc	23 12	27	*	○	7	7
xxviiii	e Urban pope	leo	6 13	24	□	○	13	8 8
xxviii	f Birth. p. mar.	leo	19 14	21	♂	6	8	9
xxix	g Joan. pap.	virg	3 15	18	♀	10	II	8 9
xxxi	a Germane bish	virg	16 16	16	△	h ♀	I p	8 10
xxiiii	b Whitunday	libz	0 17	13	□	4 ♀	6 8	11
xxviiii	c Algan	libz	15 18	10	○	○	10 a	8 11
xxviii	d Petronilla	libz	29 19	7	*	○	5 p	8 12

June hath xxx dayes.

- Full moon the 4 day, 14 minutes past 3 in the morn.
- Last quartile the 11 day, 12 minutes before noon.
- New moon the 19 day, 73 min. past one after noon.
- Second quartile the 26 day, 32 min. past 4 after noon.
- Evening starre sets 12 minutes after ten.

e	Berber week scorpi	14	0	III	Δ	h	♀	11	a	:	1-	
f	Marcelline in scorpi	28	21	2	○	h	‡	3	a	:	13	
g	Erasmus in sagitt	13	21	59	□	4	♀	16	3	13		
a	Metaphran. sagit	28	22	56	†	11	m		3	14		
B	Trinity sun <i>d</i> . capri	12	23	53	‡	14	V		3	14		
c	Wedding in. capri	26	24	50	○	♀	♀	ferē	3	14		
v	Rob. abb. Cic. aqua	9	25	47	♀	23	○		3	15		
e	Medard. aqua	22	26	44	♀	20	○		3	15		
f	Corp. Christi. pisce	5	27	42	Ω	21	○		3	15		
g	Term begins pisce	17	28	39					3	15		
a	Longest day	Arie	0	29	36	*	○	♂	2	p	3	15
	Sun in cancer	arie	12	0	33	△	○	♀	11	a	3	15
c	Anthony conf.	arie	23	1	30	‡	11	m	3	15		
d	Malerius mar	taur	5	2	27	♂	20	○	3	15		
e	Modestus ma	taut	17	3	24	♀	3	○	8	15		
f	Tychon. episc.	taur	29	4	21	♀	26	○	3	15		
g	Gundulph. bi.	gem	11	5	18	*	○	‡	9	p	8	14
a	Marcell. mar.	gem	24	6	15	♀	6	○	3	14		
b	2 Sun.aft. Trin.	canc	9	7	12	□	○	‡	19	8	14	
c	Hilvester pap	canc	19	8	10	♂	3	♀	15	8	13	
d	Edw. translat	leo	3	9	7	□	♂	♀	7	p	8	13
e	Alban mart.	leo	16	10	4	*	♂	♀	9	a	3	12
f	Etheid. Fast	leo	29	11	1	△	○	h	5	p	8	12
g	John Baptisit	virg	13	11	58	♂	37	○	8	11		
a	Wodin. confes.	virg	27	12	55	♀	15	○	8	10		
b	3 Sun.aft. Trin.	libra	11	13	52	△	♂	♀	19	3	9	
c	7 Sleepers	libra	25	14	49	○			perig.	3	8	
d	Les pap. Fast	scorpi	9	15	46	○				3	8	
e	Peter apost.	scorpi	24	16	44	♂	3	3	12	3	7	
f	Term ends	sagit	8	17	41	□	○	‡	48	p	3	6

July hath x xxi dayes.

Full moon the third day, 14 minutes past noon.

Last quartile the 11 day, at five in the morn.

New moon the 19 day, 56 minutes after noon.

Second quartile the 25 day, 35 minutes past 9, at night.

Evening starre sets 42 min. after nine.

	g	Rumoldus m.	sagitt	22	6	○	♀	5 ♪	8	5
ii	a	Bilstat. Mar.	capri	6 19	35	□	♀	10	8	4
iii	b	4 Sun. aft. Trin.	capri	20 20	32	h	10	m	8	3
iv	c	Martintransf.	aqua	4 21	29	♀	18	v	8	2
v	d	Zoe virgin	aqua	17 22	26	♂	5	II	8	1
vi	e	Octab. S. Petri	pisces	0 23	24	♀	28	Ω	8	0
vii	f	Edelburg. vlt	pisces	13 24	21	♀	13	Σ	7	19
viii	g	Thillian. bish.	pisces	25 25	18	♂	19	8	7	8
ix	a	Cyril bishop	arie	7 26	15	□	♀	12	p	7
x	b	Sun. aft. Trin.	arie	19 27	12	♂	4	11	a	7
xI	c	Pius papa m.	taur	1 28	10	□	apog.			7
xII	d	Laborez & Felix	taur	13 29	7	△	h ♀	serè		7
xIII	e	John in ieso.	taur	24 0	4	♂	II			7
xIV	f	Braclet bishop	gem	7 1	1	♀	8	π		7
xV	g	Withuntran	gem	19 1	59	♀	13	Σ		7
xVI	a	Osmond	canc	2 2	56	* h	♀	20		7
xVII	b	6 Sun. aft. Trin.	canc	15 3	53	□	ℳ	4	p	7
xVIII	c	Hymphron. m.	canc	28 4	51	♀	12	m		7
xIX	d	Dog datus beg	leo	11 5	48	□	h	11	a	7
xX	e	Just. & Rust.	leo	25 6	45	△	ℳ	1	a	7
xXI	f	Praxed virg.	virg	6 7	43	□	♂	14	7	4
xXII	g	Mary Magd.	virg	24 8	40	ℳ	♀	1	a	7
xXIII	a	Apolina bishop	libra	8 9	38	□	4	♀	1	7
xXIV	b	7 Sun. aft. Trin.	libra	22 10	35	□	♂	4	a	7
xXV	c	Janes apostle	scorp	6 11	31	□	○	h	5	7
xXVI	d	Ian. mat. Mar.	scorp	20 12	30	*	ℳ	♂		7
xXVII	e	Pantal. mart	sagit	4 13	27	♂	20	II		7
xXVIII	f	Hampson bish	sagit	18 14	25	♀	24	π		7
xXIX	g	Marcha virg. capri	capri	2 15	22	□	27	Σ		7
xXX	a	Beatrix mat. capri	capri	15 16	20	□	ℳ	4	p	7
xXXI	b	8 Sun. aft. Trin.	capri	29 17	18	ℳ	♀	1	p	7

August hath xxxi dayes.

Fall moon the 1 day, at 11 at night.

Last quartile the 9 day, at 10 at night.

New moon the 17 day, 35 min. after 10 before noon.

Second quartile the 24 day, 34 min. past 3 in the morn.

Full moon the last day, 14 min. after noon.

Evening starre sets 28 min. after 8

c	Lammas day	aqua	12	9 30	h	11	m 7	24
d	Stephen pap.	aqua	26	19 13	Δ ○ 4	noon	7 20	
e	Inb. S. Ste. pslice	8	20	10 ♀	18	V	7 18	
f	Dominic.coaf. pslice	21	21	8 ♂	25	II	7 17	
g	Festum Nives	Arie	3	22	6 ♀	3	≈	7 15
a	Transfig. Dom. arie	15	23	4 ♀	9	Ω	7 13	
b	Sun.aft. Trin. arie	27	14	2	Apog.	□ ♂ ♀	7 11	
c	Cyriac.mart. taur	9	24	59 8	☽	♀ 11 p	7 9	
d	Roman.mart. taur	21	25	57	☽	♀ 12	7 8	
e	Laurence mar gem	3	26	55	△	☽ ♀	7 6	
f	Tyburt. mart gem	15	27	52	△	♀ 4 p	7 4	
g	Clare virg.	gem	27	28	50 ♂	☽ ♂ 6 p	7 2	
a	San in virg.	canc	10	29	48 □	☽ ♀ 3 p	7 0	
b	Sun. at Trin	canc	23	0	46 □	☽ 4 3 a	6 59	
c	Afflump. Mar.	leo	6	1	44 ♀	18	V 6	57
d	Eluther. bish.	les	20	2	42 ♂	3 ♂	6	55
e	St. Laurence virg	4	3	40 ♀	16	≈	5 53	
f	Agapit mart.	virg	19	4	38 ♀	○ mp	6 52	
g	Hebaldus	libra	3	5	36 ○	4 ♀	6 50	
a	Bernard B.	libra	18	6	34 *	○ ♂ 16	6 48	
b	Sun.aft. Trin	scorp	2	7	32 *	♂ ♀ 6 6	46	
c	Dog.dates end	scorp	17	8	31 ♂	○ ♀ 9 a	6 44	
d	Zachet Far	scorp	30	9	29 □	☽ ♀ 7 6	42	
e	Bartholomew	sagitt	14	10	27 □	h ♀ 9 p	6 40	
f	Lewis. S. fra	sagit	28	11	25 ○	♂ 18 6	38	
g	Zephtrin.mar	capri	12	12	24 *	○ ♂ 20	6 36	
a	Hussinus mar	capri	25	13	22 ♂	10 ♂	6 34	
b	Sun.aft. Trin	aqua	8	14	20 ♀	29 ≈	6 32	
c	J. Wap. beh.	aqua	21	15	19 ♀	23 mp	6 30	
d	Felix & Andre	pslice	4	16	17 Δ h	☽ Δ ♂	6 28	
e	Paulinus	pslice	17	17	15 Δ ♂	♂ 12 p	6 26	

September hath xxx dayes.

Last quartile the 8 day, 18 min. after five at night
New moon the 15 day, 46 min. after 7 at night
Second quartile the 23 day, 24 min. after 11 moon
Full moon the last day, 22 min. past 4 in the morning
Evening star sets 23 minutes after 7.

f	Dytes abbot	puce	29	13	m
g	Veronice	Arie	12 19	17	v
a	Seraph. virg	arie	24 20	4	6
b	13 Sun.aft.Trin	taur	5 21	10	1
c	Bertine	taur	17 22	8	6
d	Elutherius	taur	29 13	7	6
e	Nat. Qu. Eliz.	gem	11 24	5	6
f	Nat. Mary virg	gem	23 25	4	6
g	Gorgonius m.	canc	5 26	3	6
a	Hilarius	canc	18 27	2	6
b	14 Sun.aft.Trin	leo	1 28	1	17
c	Guldon, conf.	leo	14 28	59	6
d	Sun in home	leo	28 29	58	6
e	Holy rood.	virg	12	0	6
f	Ember week.	virg	27	1	6
g	Euphem. bish.	libz	12	2	6
a	Lauder bish.	libz	27	3	6
b	15 Sun.aft.Trin	scorp	12	4	6
c	Theodor. bish.	scorp	27	5	6
d	Eustac.	sagit	11	9	6
e	Matthew apo.	sagit	23	7	6
f	Meliorius	capz	9	8	6
g	Lin. first pope	capz	22	9	6
a	Androchis	aqua	6	10	19
b	16 Sun.aft.Trin	aqua	19 11	48	15
c	Cyprian. mar	pisce	1 12	47	5
d	Cosm. & Dam	pisce	14 13	47	10
e	Edich. bish.	pisce	26	14	28
f	Michael arch.	Arie	8 15	46	6
g	Hierom. pthist	arie	20 16	43	7

October hath xxxi dayes.

Last quartile the 8 day, 35 min. past 8 in the morning.

New moon the 15 day, 10 min. past 5 in the morn.

Second quartile the 21 day, 25 min. past 10 at night.

Full moon the 29 day, 31 minutes after 10 at night.

Evening starre sets 43 minutes after six.

				D	apog.		
s	Remigius	taut	2	(○)		5	21
W	17 Sun. aft. Trin	taut	14	18 44	9 16	m 5	22
c	Candid. mart	taut	20	19 44	4 13	V 5	20
d	francis. conf.	gem	7	20 44	7 2	ū 5	19
e	Apolinaris	gem	19	21 43	♀ 6	♂ 5	16
f	Octab. Mich.	canc	1	22 43	5 15	m 5	14
g	Mark pope	canc	14	23 43	8 15	8 5	12
a	Peleg. penit.	canc	26	24 43	♂ 15	16 5	10
W	18 Sun. aft. Tri.	leo	9	25 42	□ (h 14	5	10
c	Term begins	leo	23	26 42	♂ 5 ♀ ferē	5	6
d	Michal. bish.	virg	6	27 42	□) ♀ 8 p	5	4
e	Wilfran bish.	virg	21	28 42	△ 4 ♀ noon	5	2
f	Quind. Mich.	libra	5	29 42	8) 4 11 p	5	0
g	Sun in scorpio	libra	19	0 42	* ♀) 2 8 +	59	
a	Burelia virg.	scorp	5	1 42) per. ♂ 17 +	57	
W	19 Sun. af. Trin	scorp	21	2 42	3 8	ū 4	55
c	Etheldred	sagit	6	3 42	2 15	† 4	53
d	Luke evang.	sagit	20	4 43	♀ 15	m 4	51
e	fridestedt vir	capri	5	5 43	4 11	V 4	49
t	Tres Mich.	capri	19	6 43	□) 4 11 p	4	47
g	Fair at Walden	aqua	2	7 43	△ 4 11 p	4	45
a	Heberus bish.	aqua	15	8 43	□) 6 p	4	43
W	20 Sun. af. Trin	aqua	28	9 44	♂ ♀ 13	4	41
c	Magloste	pisces	11	10 44	□) ♀ 17	4	39
d	Christipn	pisces	23	11 44	♂ 4 11	8 4	38
e	Chrtst. pope	arie	5	12 45	♂) 4 10 p	4	36
t	Mens. Mic. Fast	arie	17	13 45	□) 14	4	34
g	Simon & Jude	arie	29	14 45	♂ 4	ū 4	32
a	Matthias bish	taut	11	15 46	♀ 21	2 4	30
W	21 Sun. aft. Trin	taut	23	16 46	♀ 8	m 4	28
c	Quintin Fast	gem	16	17 47	*) 4 12 4	4	27

November hath x x x dayes.

☽ Last quartile the 6 day, 19 min. past 10 at night.
 ☽ New moon the 13 day, 14 min. past 3 afternoon.
 ☽ Second quartile the 20 day, 6 minutes past 1 afternoon.
 ☽ Full moon the 28 day, 7 minutes past 6 at night.
 Evening star sets 44 minutes after five.

December hath xxxi dayes.

(Last quartile the 6 day, at 10 before noon.

(New moon the 13 day, 11 min. past 2 in the morn.

(Second quartile the 20 day, 41 min. past 7 in the morn.

(Full moon the 28 day, 21 min. past 11 at noon.

Jupiter sets at one and 33 min. morning.

	f	Eligius bish. canc	20	○	1	5	23	m	3	48
	g	Bibian bish. virg.	leo	3 20	19 4	9	v	3	48	
	a	Lucius king	leo	15 21	20	△	4 ♀ 19	3	47	
	z	Sun.in Adve.	leo	28 22	21	♂	16 ♂	3	47	
	t	Habbe abbot. virg.	leo	12 23	22 ♀	♀ ♂	22	3	46	
	d	Nicholas bish. virg.	virgo	25 24	24 ♀	12 ♂	x	3	46	
	e	Ambrose bish. libra	9 25	25	☽ * ♀ *	♀	3	46		
	f	Concep. Mat	libra	23 26	26	☽ *	♂ 5 p	3	45	
	g	Paculus bish. scorpi	8 27	28	☽	perig. and	3	45		
	a	Melchiades scorpi	23 28	29	△ ○ ♂	9 day	3	45		
	z	Sun.in Adven	sagitt	6 29	30	○ ♂	14	3	45	
	c	Sun.in capric.	sagitt	21	0 31	♂	♀	3	45	
	d	Lucie virg.	caprit	7	1 33	□	4 5 p	3	45	
	e	Ember week	caprit	22	2 34	△ ♂	♀ 11 p	3	45	
	f	Michaell bish.	aqua	6	3 35	△	4 ♀ 16	3	45	
	g	O sapientia	aqua	20	4 37	♂	♂ 16	3	45	
	a	Lazarus bish.	pisces	3 5	38	□	♀ i 15	3	46	
	z	Sun.in Adven	pisces	16	6 40	♀	10 v	3	46	
	c	Hemes.mart.	pisces	28	7 41	♂	27 ♂	3	46	
	d	Phlog. Fatt	aries	11 8	42 ♀	○	9 x	3	47	
	e	Thomas apost.	aries	23 9	44 ♂	○ ♀	14	3	47	
	f	30 Martys	taur	4 10	45	○	perig.	3	48	
	g	Victoria virg.	taur	16 11	46	□	○ 4 1 a	3	48	
	a	Delphin. Fatt	taur	28 12	47	☽	apog.	3	49	
	z	Christ born	gem	10 13	49	△	4 ♀ 17	3	50	
	c	S. Stephen.	gem	22 14	50	* □	♂ 10 p	3	51	
	d	S. John.	canc	4 15	51	□	4 13	3	52	
	e	Innocents.	canc	17 16	53	♀	11 ♀	3	53	
	f	Them.cant.	canc	29 17	54	♂	26	3	54	
	g	James transl.	leo	12 18	55	□	h ♂	31	55	
	a	Gylbester	leo	26 19	57	*	h ♀ 9 p	3	56	

THE
Antropomie of Mans body, as the parts
thercof are by Astrologers attributed
unto the 12 signes of the zodiaque.

V Aries Head and face.

 Taurus Neck and throat.

 Cancer Breast, stomach and ribs.

 Virgo Bowels and belly.

 Scorpio Secret members.

 Capricornus Knees



II
Gemini
Armes
and shoul-
ders,

III
Leo
Heart and
back,

IV
Libra
Reins and
loins,

V
Sagittarius
Thighes,

VI
Aquarius
Legs,

 Pisces the feet.

Characters of the seven Planets, with their aspects.

 Saturn  Jupiter  Mars  The Sunne  Venus
 Mercury  The Moon.  Conjunction  Opposition  Quadrant  Sextile  Trine.

Times prohibiting marriage.

From Advent sunday until the 13 of January. From Septuagesima till eight
dayes after Easter. From Rogation sunday, till Trinity sunday.

Of the foure quarters of the yeare.

Of the Winter.

This hyemall quarter, being the first according to our Astronomicall account, took his beginning in the auncient years 1630, the 11 day of December, 35 minutes after five of the clock at night, at which time the sunne entred into the first minute of Capricorn, producung to us our shortest day, being in length but seven houres and 30 minutes; which is by reason the sunne then hath his greatest declination towards the South, his altitude upon our meridian at Walden being then but 14 degrees, and 29 minutes; and his amplitude of rising from the true East and west points, towards the South, is 40 degrees and 25 minutes. This quarter continueth untill the sunne hath passed through these thre winterly signes, ♑, ♒, ♓. This sealon is by nature more cold then any of the other, and the weather being the more agreeable to its owne nature, is the better. A warm and moist winter is an enemy to husbandmen: but reasonable shre of frost and snowe doth rancher the fields, and beget plenty.

Of the Spring.

The sunne, which is not onely the worlds bright eye, but also the begynner, finisher, and divider of times and seasons, as of manerhys, dayes, and yeares, having run his course through the twelve signes in the zodiacle, doth now anew begin again his task, and entring into the equidivuall signe Aries this tenth of March, 54 minutes after five at night, the day is reduced to an equal length with the night to us, and in all other places, except it be under the poles of the world, where they have many dayes together. This quarter continueth untill the sunne

have passed through these three signes, V, S, and X. This quarter is more comfortable then any of the other, to all things that have either life or motion: lambes do now begin to skip and play, and the young and tender plants put forth their branches, the sunne yeeldeth heat moderately, whilste the sweet influentall shoures are distilling downe the little hills and valleys, whereby mans heart is inflamed with a hopefull reward of his long and wearied labours.

Of Summer.

The sunne being now 23 degrees 31 minutes and 30 seconds on the north side of the equator, which according to obseruation of Astronomers, is his greatest declination at his first entrance into the solstitiall signe Cancer, which is this yeare the 11 of June at ten of the clock at night, being the nearest to our zenith, and our day at Walden being 16 houres 30 min. in length; his amplitude of rising is now towards the north, not coming to the true East point till 19 min. after 7 of the clock; nor to the West point till 41 min. after 4: whereby it appeareth that nothing standing upright can give any true shadow to finde any other houre of the day then noon, as many falsely suppose. This quarter is naturally hot and dry, bringing all things to a full perfection of ripenesse that have been hatched and brought forth by the spring. This quarter continueth til the sunne hath passed through these three signes, S, O, M.

Of Autumne.

Autumne the last quarter Astronomicall, beginneth at the 13 day of September, about high noon; the sunne then entring into the first minute of Libra, and making the day and the night of equall length. This quarter continueth until the sunne have passed through these

three signes, viz. ☽, ☿, ☾, in which time the earth will
have quite lost her beauty; and all other things where-
with our outward senses haue heretofore beene much de-
lighted, will now begin to be hid in oblivion, whereby **I**
may conclude thus;

O Fe wants our sight that lamp of light
which paſſeth all in fame;
Who by his force in Northren course
cold *Boreas* blasts can tame.

Gone are those houres when *April's* showers
to entertain the spring,

And birds in woods on boughes and buds
did make their echoes ring.

That moneth of *May* in garments gay,
that vernal time was spide;

Now kept in awe by natures law,
and forc't to leave that pride:

Valleys that green in *June* were seen
till now could not abide,

The scorching heat of *Julies* threat
of beauty them depriv'd

We could not stay no not one day
of *August's* moneth so kinde,

Though well approv'd us dearly lov'd,
as once a yare we finde:

He doth resigne and yeelds his time
to the Autumnall season,

When leaves do fall, and eke withall,
such pleasant sightes are geafon,

Thus seasons fast with time flee p.v.
so swift doth Phoebus ride,

We cannot clasp our hold so fast,
but from us soon they slide.

Of the retrograde motions of the planets.

Saturn is retrograde from the 16 of February to the sixth of July. Jupiter is retrograde from the 29 of July unto the 24 of November. Mars is direct until the 20 of December. Venus is retrograde from the 8 of November until the 18 of December. Venus begins to be an evening star about the tenth of February, and so continueth until the 29 day of November, at which time she will be in conjunction with the sunne, in perigeon of her epicycle, and also in the perigeon of her excentricity. It being her neares distance that she can be unto the earth, whereby at her first appearance she will seem very great: and the dayes being cleare after the mid of December, at any time in the day she may be seen to go before the sunne. Mercury is retrograde from the 21 of February to the 16 of March: from the 19 of June to the 12 of July; from the 13 of October to the third of November.

Of eclipses happening this yeare 1631.

There will be this yeare foute eclipses, two of the sun and two of the moon: those of the moon will both appear to us. The first of them is the 5 of May, the sunne setting 44 minutes after 7 of the clock, and the moon then rising totally eclipsed, 31 degr. 10 min. from the East point towards the South: she will begin to recover some of her light about 8 of the clock, and 4 minutes after 9 she will have fully recovered her perfect light. The parts eclipsed in her greatest obscurity are 21 digits, and the time from the beginning to the ending is 3 hours and 40 minutes.

The second of the moon will be the 29 of November, by then entering into the shadow of the earth, 7 digits more than her whole body. The beginning will be at eight of the clock and 52 minutes, the totall darknes about ten, the middle at eleven, and so continuing in darkness until 11: at one in the morning she will have recovered her perfect light: from the beginning to the end of this eclipse is four houres and 16 minutes.

A table to finde the coming to the South
of the Moon, Planets, and fixt starres.

A table of some of the fixt starres, shewing with what degree of the ecliptique they come to the meridian, their midurnall ark, their coming to the South the first of Janu.

Starres names.		degree of the ecliptick	Semidior. nall ark.	South Januar. 1.
	Sign.	deg. mi. hou. min.	hou. min.	
Whales tayl austral.	V	6 47 4	10	4 53 8
Lucida in caput ariet.	V	28 43 6	15	6 15 4
Medusæs head	ꝝ	13 35	set not	7 12
Bals eye	II	5 38 7	24	8 43
Middlemost of the 7 flars	ꝝ	23 48 8	11	7 54
Orion's right shoulder	II	24 20 6	38	10 3
The great dogge	ꝝ	6 43 4	33	10 57 8
The lesser dogge	ꝝ	18 31 6	32	11 48 8
The head of Apollo prec.	ꝝ	16 22 9	37	11 38
Hydraes bright starre	ꝝ	14 36 5	23	1 37 8
Lions heart	ꝝ	24 53 7	13	2 16 8
Lions tail	ꝝ	21 51 7	30	3 58
Virgins spike	ꝝ	17 53 5	12	5 34
Arcturus	m	1 55 8	0	6 27
South Balance	m	9 57 5	8	6 58
North balance	m	16 49 5	19	7 25
Lucida corona	m	22 17 8	52	7 48
Scorpions heart	ꝝ	3 48 3	31	8 35
Lucida lyrae	ꝝ	5 43	set not	10 53 8
Lucida in aquillæ	ꝝ	21 26	55	11 55 8
Swannes tail	ꝝ	5 31	set not	0 59 8
Goats tail preced.	ꝝ	17 27 4	20	1 48 8
Crus ꝝ australis	ꝝ	7 6 4	23	3 46
Foma hant	ꝝ	7 28 2	34	3 56
Crus pegasii	ꝝ	10 0 8	34	3 16

The use of this table is by the starres to know the houre of the night: or knowing the houre, to know the starres: pleasant for schollers, gentlemen, mariners, and others,

The use of the former tables follow.

If you desire to finde the coming to the South of any starre, seek in the table of the sixt starres with what degree of the ecliptique it comes to the meridian; seek also in the fifth column of the kalender against the day you desire for the place of the sun, keeping in your minde the difference of the number of their degrees; and then come to the table intituled, [A table to finde the coming to the South of the moon, planets, and sixt starres] and under ☽ place, finde the character of the signe that the sunne is in, and right against the same finde likewise the character of the signe that starre comes to the meridian with; and at the bottome of the characters you have the houre desired: but if the one exceed the other in the number of their degrees, the sunne being least; then for every degree must be added 4 min. to that houre, and therefore proceed downward, guiding your eye on the right hand of that column, untill you come against the number of their difference in degeees, and in that place you have the houre, and on the right hand of the table the minute. But if the sunne be most, then for every degree must be subtracted 4 min. from that houre found at the bottome of the characters; & therefore glide your eye downwards on the left hand of that column, & against the difference of the number of their degrees, ye have the ho. and m. desired, the hour. on the left hand of the column, and the minute on the left hand of the table. And that you may have their comings to the south more exact, enter with the suns place on th: table in the beginning of the book, on the head therof; and if the characters of the sunnes place be there red, then must you finde the place of the starre on the right hand of that table; but if the characters of the sunns place be in black, then seek on the left hand of the table, and in their place of meeting you have the minute, which being of the colour of their characters, is to be added to the ho. and m. found by the former table: but if on the contrary colour they are to be subtracted, and then the product or remainder is the exact hou. and min. desired. Example,

Example: The 29 of January I desire to know at what hour and minute the Buls-eye comes to the South. First I seek in the table of the sixt starres with what degree of the ecliptique that starre comes to the meridian, which I finde to be with the 5 degree of Gemini; also I seek in the sixt columnne in the kalender against the 29 of January for the sunnes place, which is that day the 19 degree of Aquarius, omitting their minutes in both their places. Now I come to the table in the prognostication, and on the right hand of the table under this title ☽ place, I finde this character of ♒ Aquarius, and from that character right against the same towards the left hand of the table, I guide my eye untill I come to the character of that signe which that starre comes to the meridian with, which is II; and because the sunne being in the 19 degree, and the starre in the 5 degree, there is 14 degrees difference, the sunne most in the same columnne under the title of m. or mo., which is for sunne most, I proceede downwards, untill I come against 14 degrees, and there I have seven houres, and right against the same on the lefthand of the table, under the title of Min. sunne most is 4, which are minutes, which is 7 houres and 4 minutes: now entring again with the 19 degree of Aquarius the sunnes place in the head of the table at the beginning of the book, which I finde there in red characters, and the degree which there is nearest is, against the characters of Aquar. ♒ is 14, which I take; and because I found the sunnes place in red characters, therefore I must finde the 5 degree of II Gem. or for want of the 5 degree, the nearest which is four, on the right hand of the table in red characters likewise, and right against the said 4 degree of II, and under the said 14 degree of ♒, is 18, which are minutes, which because the sun min arc in black, contrary to the colour of their characters, therefore I subtract them from the houres and min. found by the former table, that is, from 7 hou. 4 min. and the remainder is 6 hou. 45 min. the exact time of the Buls-eye coming to the South that 29 day of January.

¶ Note this, that in this table in the prognostication, on which side of the table soever the sunnes place is found, the character of the signe of the starre being on that side of the columnne nearest the sunnes place, his coming to the South after noon; as in this example, as the sunnes place was found on the left hand of the table, and II the starres place was on the left hand of the columnne, which was on that side of the columnne nearest the sunnes place; and therefore I conclude his coming to the south of that starre to be at them hours and minutes after noon. Note also, that what is said of a starre is well meant of the planets or moon.

2 Example. The 19 day of September I desire to know the houre and minute of Jupiter his coming to the South. The sunnes place that day is the 5 degree of ♐, and the place of Jupiter is the 15 degree of V; the one being in the 1st degree, and the other in the 15 degrees, there is ten degrees difference, the sunne least. Now I look into the table in the prognostication, and there I seek for ♐ the character of the sunnes place under that title, which I finde in the right hand of the table, and right against the same upwards the left hand I seek for the character of Aries the place of Jupiter, which is in the next columnne; from thence I proceed downwards untill I come against the difference of the number of their degrees on the right hand of the table under the title of degrees the ☽ least, which is 10, and in the right hand of the columnne wherin I finde Jupiters place is 12, and under the title of Min. sunne least is 40, that is, at 12 of the clock and 40 minutes. Now to know the error of this table I enter with the 5 degree of ♐ the sunnes place in the head of the table in the beginning of the book; but because the 5 degree is not there to be found. I take the nearest, which is 6: The sunnes place being found in black characters I must finde the place of Jupiter likewise in black characters on the left hand of the table, which is the 15 degree of Aries: but for want of the 15 I take 16, and from thence I guide mine eye untill I come under

under the sunnes place which I first found on the head of the table, and in that place of meeting is 3; which because it is red, contrary to the colour of their characters, I subtract it from the houres and minutes found by the former table, which are 12 hou. and 40 min. and the remainder will be 12 hour. & 37 min. that is 37 min. after midnight, the coming to the south of Jupiter the 19 of September.

3 Example. The third of March I would know the coming to the south of the moon; the sunnes place that day is the 22 of ♈: also I finde the moons place to be the 20 of ♉; the difference of the number of their degrees is two with their places and the difference of the number of their degrees I enter the table in the prognostication, and so there in like manner as I shewed in the former example, and the hou. and min. produced are 7 hou. 52 min. Then again to know the error I enter with the sunnes place on the head of the table in the beginning of the book, and with the moons place on the righ. hand of the table, and in their place of meeting is 4; which being of the colour of their characters I adde to the houre and minute found by the first table, and the product thereof will be 7 houres and 56 min. But note thus much of the moons coming to the south, that so many houres as her coming to the south is found to be afternoon, so many two minutes are to be added to them houres and minutes: as in this example I adde 16 min. to 7 houres and 56 minutes, and the product thereof will be 8 hou. 12 min. that is, at 8 of the clock and 12 min at night, the exact coming to the south of the moon that 3 of March, not having respect to her latitude. The reaon of the adding of the said min. is, because the places of the sunne and moon being taken at noon, there is then such distance as the tables import: but in the time that is betwixt noon and the moons coming to the south, she will by her owen naturall motion be gone by every two houres well neare a degree toward the East, whitch doth for every degree hinder her in her coming to

the South 4 min. in time. Likewise after her full when
her coming to the south is in th: morning, so many houres
as her coming to the south by the tables wanteth of noon,
many two minutes must be subtracted from the houres
and min. found by the said tables, by reason the moon her
place being taken at noon, and her coming to the south is
more she is come to that place, as in this next example.

Example. The 14 of April I would know the hour.
and min. of the moon her coming to the South. The
sunnes place that day is the 4 of Σ , and the moons place
the 18 of ∞ ; the difference of the number of their degr.
14; the ho. and min. produced by the first table by their
places and difference of the number of their degrees the
sunne being least, are 6 hour. and 56 min. Then again
beginning with the 4 degree of Σ the sunnes place in the ta= =
ble in the beginning of the book, and with the 18 degree of
the moons place on the left hand of that table, or for
want of the 18 degree take the nearest unto it, which is
4, in the very bottom of the table, and from thence I
come in a right line, until I come under the sunnes place
which I first found on the head of the table, and in that
place of meeting are 19, which because they are of the co= =
unt of their characters, I adde them to six hou. 56 min.
the houres and minutes found by the first table, and the
product thereof will be 7 hou. 15 min. which because it
wanteth almost five hour. of noon, I subtract from the
aid 7 hou. and 15 min. 10 minutes, and there wil remain
thou. 5 min. which are the houres and minutes desired.
It may be, some may say, the moons coming to the south
is found more easily by the common table only by her age:
I answer, that table will not serue those that desire exa= =
mple; for the zodiaques obliquity, her unequal motion,
and the time of her change make it very erronious, some= =
times differing from the truth above an houre, her change
ing at 11 at night or 1 in the morning: following them
examples of those tables there is 22 m. difference the 1 day:
and

and in these examples which I have taken of her coming to the South in this prognostication, there is 36 min. difference in the one, and 41 in the other. The moons age in the first example is 11 dapes, and her coming to the South by that table is at 8 and 48 min: but by my tables it is at 8 & 12 min. Also in the second her age is 23 dapes, and her coming to the South by that table is at 8 and 24, but by my tables at 7 and 5 min. how these agree with the truth, I leave to those that are experienced in this art. The more exact her coming to the South is found, the more exact are those things which are built thereupon as the ebbing and flowing of the seas, the houre of the night upon a sanne diall by the shadow of the moon, & the like.

Note that the houre of the moones coming to the South is the time of full sea at Quinborough, Southampton, Poole. But for Redban, or Aberdeen, adde 45 min. For S. Andrew, Dundee, Silli, adde 2 ho. 15 m. For Frith, Lieth, Dunbar, add 4 30 m. For Falmouth, 5 h. 15 m. For Foy, Lin, Humble, Plimmouth, 6 hou. For Milford, Bridgwater, 7 ho. 30 m. for Portland, Peterport, 8 ho. 15 m. For Orkenpool, Orwell, For Bulloigne, Dover, Harwich, Yarmouth, 10 ho. 30 min. For Callice, Rye, Winchelsey, 11 ho. 15 min.

A table to finde the rising and setting of the moon, calculated for the middle part of the yeare, the moon cutting the ecliptique in the 22 degree of Taurus.

SIGNES	degr. ho.	0 degr. m. ho.	5 degr. m. ho.	10 degr. m. ho.	15 degr. m. ho.	20 degr. m. ho.
Aries	5	55 6	5 6	16 6	27 6	41 6
Taurus	7	77	18 7	28 7	41 7	52 8
Gemini	8	10 8	20 8	30 8	39 8	46 8
Cancer	8	53 8	55 8	55 8	53 8	51 8
Leo	8	40 8	32 8	22 8	13 8	2 7
Virgo	7	41 7	28 7	17 7	7 6	55 6
Libra	6	29 6	16 6	8 5	57 5	43 5
Scorpio	5	17 5	6 4	55 4	43 4	32 4
Sagittarius	4	14 4	4 3	54 3	45 3	38 3
Capricorn	3	31 3	29 3	29 3	31 3	33 3
Aquarius	3	44 3	52 4	2 4	11 4	21 4
Pisces	4	43 4	55 5	7 5	17 5	29 5

¶ The use of the former table.

Tis a thing much desired of many, to have rules or tables to finde the rising and setting of the moon; but by reason of the moons many motions, such tables are very tedious to be calculated, and hard to be understood; and for such tables as are perpetuall, they cannot be true: to satisfie those that have a desire therein, I have calculated the moons semidiurnall arc, or rather the houres and minutes that she spendeth from her rising to her coming upon the meridian, or from her being upon the meridian unto her setting, calculated for every five degrees the 12 signes, serving with very small error any part this present yeare, 1631. The use of which is thus; first finde the moons coming to the South, then seek the signe the moon is in on the left hand of this table, and the degr. nearest the moons place on the head of the table, and in the angle or place of meeting you have the hour, and min. which added to the houre and minute of her coming to the South, she weth the time of her setting; or contrariwise subtracted, she weth the time of her rising.

Example. I found by the former tables the 3 of March the moon to come to the South at 8 and 12 min. at night; her place that day at noon was 20 degr. of Cancer: but I suppose at the time of her setting she will be neare entring into Leo, and therefore I seek Leo on the left hand of the table degr. 0 on the head of the table; and in that place of meeting are 8 ho. 40 m. which being added to 8 ho. 12 m. the product will be 16 ho. 52 m. that is, at 4 and 52 min. morn. Likewise if you subtract the said 8 ho. and 40 min. from 8 and 12, the remainder is the time of her rising.

Also the 14 of April her coming to the South was at 7 and 5 m. morn. her place at noon was the 18 of Aquar. but about her rising I suppose she is nearest the 10 of Aquar. therefore I seek Aquar. and the 10 degr. on the head of the table, and in that place of meeting are 4 hou. 2 min. which being subtracted from 7 ho. 5 min. there will remain 3 ho. 3 min. which is at 3 a clock 3 min. morn.

¶ A table shewing how long the day is dawning before the sunnes rising, or continuance of twilight after sunne setting calculated for the sunnes distance of 15 degrees under the horizon.

Capric.	Aquar.	Pisces	Aries	Taurus	Gemini
hou. min	hou. mi.				
0 I 53	I 47	I 39	I 40	I 54 2	36 30
3 I 53	I 45	I 39	I 40	I 57 2	43 27
6 I 52	I 44	I 39	I 42	2 0 2	50 24
9 I 52	I 43	I 38	I 43	2 3 2	57 21
12 I 51	I 42	I 38	I 44	2 7 3	7 18
15 I 51	I 41	I 38	I 45	2 10 3	19 15
18 I 50	I 40	I 38	I 46	2 15 3	35 12
21 I 50	I 40	I 38	I 47	2 19	Wilghe 9
24 I 49	I 40	I 39	I 49	2 24	Coniunctio 6
27 I 48	2 39	I 39	I 51	2 30	3 3
30 I 47	I 39	2 40	I 54	2 36	II 4
Sagittar.	Scorpio	Libra	Virgo	Lco	Cancer

¶ The use of this table followeth in this example.

The fourth of January the sunne is in the 24 degree Capricorn: now coming to this table I finde Capricorn on the head of the table, from whence I proceed downwards untill I come against the 24 degree on the left hand of the table, and there I finde one houre 49 min. and that is the time that the day is dawning before the sunnes rising, or the continuance of twilight after sunne setting that 4 of January: but if the sunnes place be found at the bottom of the table, then the degrees must be found on the right hand of the table: and in this manner maye finde the distance any other day, which distance may be called either the dawning or the twilight.

How to finde the rising and setting of the sunne, the
length of the day and night, the breaking of the day, and
the ending of twilight any day in the yeare.

¶ the last columne of the kalender ye have the houres
and minutes of sunne-setting every day in the yeare,
which houres and minutes being doubled, you have the
length of the day; or subtracted from 12 houres you have
the houre and minute of the sunnes rising; which houre
and minute being doubled shewes the length of the night:
Also you adde the houre and minute of the continuance
of twilight unto the hou. and min. of the sunnes setting,
ye have the hour. and min. when twilight ends, or sub-
tract the same hou. and min. from the houre and minute
of sunne-rising, the remainder are the hou. and min. of
the breaking of the day.

¶ As for example: The 4 day of January the sunnes set-
ting is one minute after 4 o' the clock, which hour. and
min. being doubled are 8 hou. and two min. which is the
length of the day; or subtract 4 hou. and 1 min. from 12
houres, and there will remain 7 hou. and 59 minutes,
which is the rising of the sunne; which hour. and minute
being doubled shewes the length of the night, that is, 15
hou. and 58 min. Also I found by the last table that the
breaking of the day was 1 houre and 49 min. before the
sunnes rising, which houre and minutes I subtract from
hour. and 59 min. which is the rising of the sunne, and
the remainder will be 6 hou. r. and 10 min. which is the
breaking of the day, or the houre. and min. that the sunne
is coming within 15 degrees of the horizon: also if that
one houre and 49 min. be added unto 4 houres and one min-
ute, which are the houre and minute of sunne-setting,
the product will be the ending of twilight; that is, at 5 o'
the clock and 50 min. And on this manner may ye
work with them for any other day.

Kidman 1631.

A table shewing the true interest due upon any summe
of money, from a shilling to an hundred pounds.

	1 mon	2 mon	1 quart	4 mon.	5 mon	half ye
	sh. d. par	sh. d. par	sh. d. par	sh. d. par	sh. d. par	sh. d. par
Shipmgs	1 0 0 2	0 0 0 4	0 0 0 8	0 0 0 120	0 0 0 180	0 0 0 100 0 1
	2 0 0 4	0 0 0 6	0 0 0 12	0 0 0 180	0 0 0 240	0 0 0 200 0 2
	3 0 0 6	0 0 0 8	0 0 0 16	0 0 0 240	0 0 0 300	0 0 0 250 0 3
	4 0 0 8	0 0 0 10	0 0 0 20	0 0 0 300	0 0 0 400	0 0 0 300 0 4
	5 0 0 10	0 0 0 12	0 0 0 24	0 0 0 400	0 0 0 500	0 0 0 400 0 5
	6 0 0 12	0 0 0 14	0 0 0 28	0 0 0 500	0 0 0 600	0 0 0 500 0 6
	7 0 0 14	0 0 0 16	0 0 0 32	0 0 0 600	0 0 0 700	0 0 0 600 0 7
	8 0 0 16	0 0 0 18	0 0 0 36	0 0 0 700	0 0 0 800	0 0 0 700 0 8
	9 0 0 18	0 0 0 20	0 0 0 40	0 0 0 800	0 0 0 900	0 0 0 800 0 9
	10 0 0 20	0 0 0 22	0 0 0 44	0 0 0 900	0 0 0 1000	0 0 0 900 0 10
Pounds	1 0 1 5	0 3 0 6	0 9 0 15	0 1 0 20	0 6 0 30	0 8 0 40
	2 0 3 5	0 6 0 9	0 15 0 18	0 2 0 20	0 10 0 30	0 4 0 50
	3 0 4 20	0 9 0 18	0 1 0 20	0 1 0 20	0 7 0 30	0 2 0 40
	4 0 6 10	0 1 0 20	0 1 0 20	0 7 0 30	0 15 0 40	0 3 0 50
	5 0 8 0	0 1 0 20	0 2 0 0	0 2 0 0	0 8 0 30	0 4 0 50
	6 0 9 15	0 1 0 20	0 2 0 20	0 3 0 20	0 10 0 40	0 0 0 50
	7 0 11 5	0 1 0 20	0 2 0 20	0 9 0 15	0 8 0 20	0 4 0 50
	8 1 0 20	0 2 0 20	0 1 0 20	0 2 0 40	0 3 0 55	0 0 0 60
	9 1 2 10	0 2 0 20	0 3 0 20	0 7 0 54	0 9 0 15	0 0 0 70
	10 0 1 40	0 2 0 20	0 4 0 00	0 0 0 5	0 40 0 6	0 80 0 1
Tenaces of pounds	20 0 2 80	0 5 0 40	0 8 0 00	0 0 0 10	0 80 0 13	0 0 0 160
	30 0 4 0	0 8 0 00	0 12 0 00	0 0 0 16	0 1 0 0	0 0 0 1
	40 0 5 40	0 10 0 00	0 16 0 00	0 1 0 0	0 4 0 6	0 8 0 1
	50 0 6 80	0 13 0 00	0 1 0 0	0 1 0 0	0 8 0 13	0 4 0 2
	60 0 8 00	0 16 0 00	0 1 0 4	0 1 0 12	0 2 0 0	0 0 0 2
	70 0 9 40	0 18 0 00	0 1 0 8	0 1 0 17	0 2 0 6	0 8 0 2
	80 0 10 80	0 1 0 0	0 1 0 12	0 2 0 2	0 2 0 13	0 4 0 3
	90 0 12 00	0 1 0 4	0 1 0 16	0 2 0 2	0 3 0 0	0 0 0 3
	100 0 13 40	0 1 0 6	0 2 0 0	0 2 0 13	0 4 0 6	0 8 0 4 0

Kidman 1631.

**For a year or any time under, calculated after
the rate of 8 pound in the hundred.**

7 mon.	8 mon.	3 quart.	10 mon.	11 mon.	12 mon.	13 mon.	14 mon.
10 0 14 0	0 16 0	0 18 0	0 20 0	0 22 0	0 24 0		
20 1 33 0	1 7 0	1 11 0	1 15 0	1 19 0	1 23 0		
30 1 17 0	1 23 0	2 40	2 10 0	2 16 0	2 22 0		
40 2 6 0	2 14 0	2 22 0	3 50	3 13 0	3 21 0		
50 2 20 0	3 5 0	3 17 0	4 00	4 10 0	4 20 0		
60 3 9 0	3 21 0	4 80	4 200	5 70	5 19 0		
70 3 23 0	4 12 0	5 10	5 15 0	6 40	6 18 0		
80 4 12 0	5 30	5 19 0	6 100	7 16	7 17 0		
90 5 3 0	5 39 0	6 120	7 50	7 23 0	8 16 0		
100 5 15 0	6 100	7 150	8 00	8 200	9 35 0		
10 11 5 1	0 20 1	2 10 1	4 0 1	5 15 1	7 5		
21 10 10 2	1 15 2	4 20 2	8 0 2	11 5 3	2 10		
32 9 15 3	2 10 3	7 54	0 0 4	4 20 4	9 15		
43 8 26 4	3 54	9 15 5	4 0 5	10 10 6	4 20		
54 8 0 5	4 0 6	0 0 6	8 0 7	4 0 8	0 0		
65 7 5 6	4 20 7	2 10 8	0 0 8	9 15 9	7 5		
76 6 10 7	5 15 8	4 20 9	4 0 10	3 5 11	2 10		
87 5 15 8	6 10 9	7 5 16 8	0 11	8 20 12	9 15		
98 4 20 9	7 5 10 9	15 12 0	0 13	2 30 14	4 20		
11 11 11 11	11 11 11 11	11 11 11 11	11 11 11 11	11 11 11 11	11 11 11 11		
100 9 4 0 3 0	8 0 12 0	0 0 13	4 0 14	8 0 16 0			
20 0 18 8 1 1	4 1 4	0 1 6	8 1 9	4 1 12 0			
30 1 8 0 1 12	0 1 16	0 2 0	0 2 4	0 2 8 0			
40 1 17 4 2 2	8 2 8	0 2 13	4 2 18	8 3 4 0			
50 2 6 6 2 13	4 3 0	0 3 6	8 3 13	4 4 0 0			
60 2 16 0 3 4	0 3 12	0 4 0	0 4 8	0 4 16 0			
70 3 5 4 3 14	8 4 4	0 4 13	4 5 2	8 5 12 0			
80 3 14 8 4 5	4 4 16	0 5 6	8 5 17	4 6 8 0			
90 4 4 0 4 16	0 5 8	0 6 0	0 6 12	0 7 4 0			
100 4 13 4 5 6	8 6 0	0 6 13	4 7 6	8 8 0 0			

The use of the former tables.

If you desire to know what interest is due upon any summe of money any time desired by these tables, set the summe on the sides of the tables, and the time on the head of the tables; and in the angle or place of meeting you have the summe desired, in pounds, shillings, pence, and parts of pence, as the titles above shew. And note that 25 of them parts of pence make a penny.

Example.

I would know what interest is due upon seven pounds for five moneths, therefore I seek for seven on the left hand of the first table, where it is tied with pounds; and from that 7 I guide mine eye in a right line untill I come under 5, the number of moneths, and in that place of meeting is 4 shillings 8 pence; which is the just summe due for 7 pounds for 5 moneths.

But if I would know what interest is due upon 17 pounds for 5 moneths, then I seek on the sides of the table for 10 pounds, and see what interest is due upon 10 pounds the summe aforesaid, which in this table is found to be 6 shillings 8 pence; which being added to the former shillings and 8 pence, the summe will be 13 shillings four pence, the interest due upon 17 pounds for 5 moneths.

Also I would know what interest is due upon 17 shillings for 8 moneths, and therefore I seek in the table in 10 and 7 against shillings; and under 8 moneths against 10 is 6 pence and 10 parts of a penny; also against 7 is 4 pence, and 12 parts of a penny; adde these two summes together, and the product will be 10 pence, and 22 parts, such as 25 of them make a penny, whereupon I conclude the interest to be due upon 17 shillings 8 moneths, to almost eleven pence. And in like manner may be done into other summes: as if the summe were 56 pounds, see by the tables what is due upon 50 pounds your time desired, and what is due upon 6 pounds, and adde these two summes together, and you have your desire.

Of measures geometricall.

Three barley corns in length make an inch, 12 inches a foot, 3 feet a yard, 5 yards and a half, or 16 foot and half make a pole or rod, and 40 of them poles is a furlong, and 8 furlongs is an English mile.

In an English mile is contained
1760 yards.
5280 feet.
6336 inches.
190080 barleycorns.

An acre by the statute is 40 poles in length, and four breadth:

In which is contained of square	Spoles 160.
	yards 4840.
	feet 43560.
	inches 6272640.

In a foot of timber are contained of square inches,
1728.
But of square quarters of inches — 110522.

In a foot of board or glasse is contained 144 square inches, and to know how much of any breadth must be had in length for a foot, divide 144 the square inches that are contained in one foot by the inches contained in the breadth of the board or glasse, and the quotient sheweth how many inches of that breadth must be had in length for a foot. For example: I hab: a piece of glasse nine inches in breadth, by which nine I divide 144, and the quotient is 16, and so much in length of that breadth must be had for a foot. But for your more ease see the following table. It is plain and easie, and good husbandry to understand it.

Kidman 1631.

The use of this table.

Breadth or the board of glasse	how much in length for a foot.
inch	part of inch.
1	144 0
2	72 0
3	48 0
4	36 0
4 & half	32 0
5	28 9
5 & half	26 2
6	24 0
6 & half	22 2
7	20 7
7 & half	19 2
8	18 0
8 & half	17 0
9	16 0
9 & half.	15 2
10	14 5
10 & half	13 8
11	13 1
11 & hal	12 6
12	12 0
12 & half	11 6
13	11 1
14	10 3
15	9 7
16	9 0
17	8 3
18	8 0
19	7 7
20	7 2
21	6 10
22	6 6
23	6 3
24	6 0

If inde the breadth of the board or glasse on the side of the table under that title, and against the same you have the inches & parts of inches that must be had in length for a foot.

Example. Against 5 inches is 28 inches and 9 parts of an inch: and note that 12 of them parts is an inch: that is, 28 inches and three quarters in length make a foot, when the breadth is 5 inches.

Also when the breadth is 6 inches and a half, then 26 inches and 2 parts is a foot. If six, 24 inches in length is a foot. Six and an half in breadth, 22 inches and two parts in length is a foot. And so the rest of the rest.

Of a yeare.

The yeare consisteth of twelve moneths according to the count of the sunne; but according to the common account 13 and one day which are called moneths of apparition, vulgarly divided into four weeks, in which yeare is contained 365 dayes and a quarter, hours 8766, minutes 525960.

Elo.

¶ Elections for husbandry.

When ye graft or plant let the moon be increasing in Taurus or Aquarius, the wind not in the North, in any part East; for those windes are cold and pinching. Remove young trees in the last quarter, the moon in Gemini or Capricorn, in September, October, November, February; and then likewise set young trees.

Sow all kind of corn whiles the moon is increasing, but in moist ground the moon decreasing.

Sow all kind of seeds, the moon well seated in Aries, Taurus, Cancer, Virgo, Libra, Capricorn, Aquarius, Pisces; the roots of your seeds being round, three or four daies before or after the full moon: But for those in the increase from February to June.

Gather all kind of fruits neare the full in a dry time; and then likewise kill swine for bacon, that they may the better hold their fat in boylng.

Sheare sheep in the increase, and cut haire to make it into thick and fast; but not to grow, let the moon be decreasing.

Cut vines in February, March, or September, the moon increasing in Aries, Libra, or Scorpio.

Libbe or geld cattell the moon increasing in Aries, Sagittarius, or Capricorn.

To destroy wennes, warts, corns, or the like, cut them in the last quarter of the moon.

Dung your land that the weeds may not grow there-by, in the decreasing of the moon.

Here followeth a table shewing the hour and min. of full sea at London bridge every day in this years 1631. The use whereof briefly is thus. To know the time the first day of January, finde the moon in the head of the table, and against the first day is 9 hou. and 43 min. afternoon, which is the time of full sea: and so for any other month and day. Likewise the true coming to the South of the moon is with more ease found by this table, only by subtracting 3 hours and six min. from the hours and minutes of the table.

Kidman 1631.

A table shewing the houres and minutes of full sea at
London bridge, any day this yeare 1631.

Dates	January	February	March	April	May	June
1	2	12 10	29 11	2 14	30 12	22 13
2	10	29 11	50 10	12 13	21 12	10 11
3	11	16 12	30 11	18 13	17 12	10 11
4	12	15 10	30 12	14 10	16 13	18 17
5	0	51	27 0	14 10	0 13	20 14
6	0	58 2	23 1	9 2	10 37	3 16
7	1	52 3	21 2	4 3	17 32	4 20
8	2	50 4	18 3	4 0	14 34	1 20
9	3	48 5	12 3	57 5	13 36	6 19
10	4	46 6	7 4	53 6	11 37	15 3
11	5	40 6	57 5	7 7	13 30	8 1
12	6	33 7	51 6	46 8	11 28	5 9
13	7	22 8	46 7	44 9	10 20	9 36
14	8	11 9	30 8	37 10	8 14	19 11
15	9	30 10	34 9	32 10	11 37	11 1
16	9	56 11	28 10	27 11	42 11	43 10
17	10	50 12	28 11	18 12	24 12	24 11
18	11	47 1	13 12	4 1	16 1	8 2
19	12	43 2	2 0	51 1	48 1	54 0
20	1	36 2	45 1	35 2	29 2	39 3
21	2	29 3	28 2	17 3	10 3	21 4
22	3	18 4	10 3	2 3	15 4	13 5
23	4	6 4	31 3	44 4	44 5	11 6
24	4	49 5	35 4	21 5	30 6	47 11
25	5	32 6	17 4	55 6	16 6	56 8
26	6	13 6	39 5	51 7	6 7	49 9
27	6	54 7	40 6	39 8	68 8	36 9
28	7	36 8	35 7	28 9	0 9	26 10
29	8	16 8	8	23 9	55 10	16 11
30	9	8 2	9 5	10 17	46 11	8 12
31	9	49	10 00	10 10	11 11	56 11

Kidman 1631.

A table shewing the houre and minute of full sea at
London-bridge any day this yeare 1631.

July		August		Septemb.		October		Novem.		December	
hou.	mi.	hou.	mi.	hou.	mi.	hou.	mi.	hou.	mi.	hou.	mi.
0	33	2	nig	16	3	30	3	44	4	42	4
1	30	3	nig	8	4	10	4	23	5	32	5
2	30	4		1	4	50	5	9	6	22	6
3	30	4		41	5	34	5	58	7	13	7
4	26	5		23	6	17	6	46	8	5	3
5	20	6		3	6	59	7	38	8	56	9
6	26			43	7	50	3	26	9	45	9
6	46	7		31	8	38	9	17	10	33	10
7	27	8		21	9	29	10	7	11	23	11
8	8			58	10	23	10	58	12	11	12
8	48	9		46	11	19	11	52	1	4	2
9	31	10		37	12	11	12	42	2	56	3
10	15	11		31	1	9	1	34	2	36	4
11	3	12	after-	30	2	0	2	26	3	56	4
11	43	1		26	2	51	3	24	4	58	5
12	46	2		18	3	43	4	21	5	59	5
1	41	3		9	4	33	5	21	6	59	7
2	34	4		2	5	29	6	21	7	53	7
3	30	4		51	6	29	7	21	8	41	8
4	21	5		45	7	28	8	21	9	30	9
5	16	6		39	8	26	9	16	10	13	9
6	6	7		31	9	25	10	7	10	55	10
6	56	8		26	10	24	10	53	11	11	11
7	45	9		23	11	16	11	40	12	35	12
8	35	10		21	12	7	12	23	0	17	0
9	28	11		18	0	7	0	23	1	0	1
10	24	12		13	0	51	1	7	1	44	2
11	22	0		13	1	39	1	46	2	31	3
12	20	1		6	2	20	2	28	3	18	3
0	20	1		58	2	58	3	84	4	7	4
1	noon	mor-		44		3	3	50		5	5

F I N - I S.